As a provision towards making good the above allowances, a reduction is made of 2 per cent per annum on all salaries over \$600, and of one and a-quarter per cent on those under that amount.

All persons under sixty years of age, in receipt of a superannuation allowance, and not mentally or bodily disabled, are liable to fill, if required, under pain of forfeiture of such allowance, any public position in any part of Canada for which their previous services have rendered them eligible. No such position, however, is to be lower in rank or salary than that from which the officer retired.

1436. The Superannuation Act was brought into force in 1871. The following table shows the receipts and expenditures in account of the fund from the beginning:—

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES, 1871-94.

YEAR.	Receipts.	Expenditure
	**************************************	s
871	49,470	12,880
872	53,213	38,845
873	54,757	53,026
874	34,620	64,445
875	36,678	77,298
376	38,476	101.62
377	40,890	104,82
78	41,856	106,58
79	41,959	113,53
80	43,531	127,79
881.	44,995	147,36
82	46,426	160,31
83	46,372	186,23
84.	51,882	192,69
85.	52,701	203,63
86	57,075	200,65
87	62,600	202,28
88	62,967	212,47
89	63,031	218.93
90	61,513	241,76
91	62,824	241,11
92	63,862	253,67
93.	64,433	263,71
394.	63,974	262,30

Upon the question of the wide divergence between the receipts and expenditures, the Civil Service Commission of 1892, said: "Your commissioners are of opinion that much misapprehension exists in the public mind in connection with this expenditure, especially as regards those officers who have been retired on account of abolition of office or to promote efficiency and economy. It will be found in many cases of persons so retired that the superannuation was entirely for the benefit of the State and resulted in real economy, although the allowance paid is charged to superannuation and swells the expenditure under that head, to that extent."